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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/008,296	11/13/2001	Gholam A. Peyman	PMAN-17	2702
26875	7590 01/04/2005		EXAMINER	
WOOD, HERRON & EVANS, LLP			FARAH, AHMED M	
2700 CAREV				
441 VINE STREET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CINCINNATI, OH 45202			3739	
			DATE MAILED: 01/04/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/008,296	PEYMAN, GHOLAM A.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Ahmed M Farah	3739			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
·	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>September 23, 2004</u> .					
·	,—	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
•	4) Claim(s) 1-16 and 25 is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>17-24,26 and 27</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
·	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16 and 25</u> is/are rejected.					
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	/or election requirement				
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 12)Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
 a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. 						
Attachment(s)						
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	5) D Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

1. Claims 1-16 and 25 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 2, 5-11, 26, 32, and 33 of copending Application No. 10/107,761. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are directed to analogous methods for treating a patient having or at risk for macular degeneration characterized by fluid leakage from new blood vessels proliferation.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claim 25 is again rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Guyer U.S. 2003/0171320 A1.

Guyer discloses a phototherapeutic method for treating or alleviating macular degeneration characterized by fluid leakage from new blood vessel proliferation in the macula of a patient, the methods comprising the steps of: providing an effective amount of a photosensitive agent to the blood vessel; activating the blood vessel with a low energy light to damage the vessel; and directing to the macula a high energy light sufficient to generate heat to coagulate the fluid leakage as presently claimed. See page 1, paragraph 0008; page 2, paragraphs 0019 and 0022; page 3, paragraph 0079; and claims 1-3 of Guyer.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments, filed on September 23, 2004, with respect to the rejection(s)of claim(s) 1-16 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b), 102(e), and 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn.

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However, with respect to claim 25, the applicant's arguments are not persuasive.

Therefore, the rejection of claim 25 under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) is being maintained.

Claim 25 merely recites a method for treating or slowing progression of macular degeneration of a patient's eye by using both photodynamic therapy (PDT) and laser photocoagulation. Guyer clearly teaches a therapeutic method of treating or alleviating macular degeneration, using both PDT and laser photocoagulation (see Guyer, page 6, paragraph 0079).

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ahmed M Farah whose telephone number is (571) 272-4765. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur. 9:30 AM-7:30 PM, and 9:30 AM - 6:30 PM on every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Linda C.M DVorak can be reached on (571) 272-4764. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 308-0758.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-4724.

A. Farah

Primary Examiner, AU 3739

December 12, 2004.